

STRONG TOWER ACADEMY, IKORODU
SS 3 REVISION QUESTIONS
CIVIC EDUCATION
SECTION A: OBJECTIVE QUESTIONS

INSTRUCTION:

Answer **all** the questions.

Each question is followed by **four** options lettered A to D. Find out the correct option for **each** question and shade **in pencil** on your answer sheet, the answer space which bears the same letter as the option you have chosen. Give only **one** answer to **each** question.

Think carefully before you shade the answer spaces; erase completely any answer you wish to change.

Now answer the following questions.

1. Rule of law means ____
 - (a) Supremacy of law
 - (b) Absence of legal immunity
 - (c) Peace, order and stability
 - (d) Obedience to any authority
2. A major obstacle to effective use of the rule of law is ____
 - (a) High political consciousness of the majority of citizens
 - (b) High level of poverty among majority of the citizens
 - (c) Independent, free and fair judiciary
 - (d) High respect for the rights of citizens
3. The constitution of the Federal Republic Of Nigeria recognizes the armed forces for the Federation which consists of
 - (a) Army, Police Navy
 - (b) Army, Air Force and Soldiers
 - (c) Army, Air Force and Navy
 - (d) Army, Customs and Immigration
4. Universal Declaration Of Human Rights (UDHR) is based on the resolution of the
 - (a) Human Rights Watch
 - (b) United Nation Organization
 - (c) Amnesty International
 - (d) League of Nations
5. A system of government that listens to public opinion and tolerates opposition is
 - (a) Dictatorial regime
 - (b) Capitalist regime
 - (c) Democratic regime
 - (d) Socialist regime

6. In Nigeria public servants are expected to be ____
 - (a) Non partisan
 - (b) Political
 - (c) Ambitious
 - (d) Apolitical
7. ____ was the first to move the motion for self governance (independence) in Nigeria during the 1953 constitution conference
 - (a) Anthony Enahoror
 - (b) Chief Obefmi Awolowo
 - (c) Femi Otedola
 - (d) Ahmadu Bello
8. A major benefit of youth empowerment is ____
 - (a) Dependence of foreign aid
 - (b) Discouragement of patriotism
 - (c) Reduction in crime rate
 - (d) Negation to national prosperity
9. The following are manifestations of law and order in the society except ____
 - (a) Due process
 - (b) Peaceful electioneering campaigns
 - (c) Decorum
 - (d) Official election rigging
10. Leaders can best protect the interests of their followers by ____
 - (a) Embarking on periodic constitutional review
 - (b) Creating socio- economic opportunities for foreigners
 - (c) Creating conducive atmosphere for participation
 - (d) Rewarding supporters with contracts
11. Civil societies are vital for the promotion of popular participation because they are ____
 - (a) Profit- oriented organization
 - (b) Engaged in developmental programs
 - (c) Engaged in community programs
 - (d) Formidable oppositions to government
12. Which of the following is not necessary for public servants to perform effectively?
 - (a) In- service training
 - (b) Appointment based on nepotism
 - (c) Value re-orientation for public servants
 - (d) Incentives for meeting set goals
13. Which of the following questions is not a reason for the adoption of representative democracy in many countries
 - (a) Large size of the country
 - (b) Large size of the population
 - (c) Political divisions of the country

(d) Complex socio economic activities

14. Nigeria became a Republic in ____

- (a) 1965
- (b) 1964
- (c) 1975
- (d) 1963

15. Which of the following is a source of a country's constitution?

- [a] Political decisions
- [b] Injunctions
- [c] Judicial precedents
- [d] Mandamus

16. Value as the quality of being useful, has the following types except

- (a) Community values
- (b) General values
- (c) Group values
- (d) Personal values

17. Which of the following is an example of societal values?

- (a) Laissez-fair attitude
- (b) Dishonesty
- (c) Probity
- (d) Embezzlement

18. The societal value which members are expected to uphold in order to ensure development is

- (a) Title
- (b) Integrity
- (c) Apathy
- (d) Compromise

19. Connery Murray, the personal physician of Michael Jackson went against Value in his prescription to the late music icon.

- (a) Family value
- (b) Ethical value
- (c) Professional value
- (d) Individual value

20. A major characteristics of civil society is ____

- (a) The desire to win election
- (b) Corporate responsibility
- (c) Social responsibility
- (d) Political responsibility

21. Interpersonal relationship exists when __

- (a) Citizens pay their taxes regularly to Inland Revenue service

- (b) Citizens are politically conscious and participate in voting
 - (c) There is interaction between persons in a social setting
 - (d) Groups share social interest and communal aspiration
22. One habit which people living with HIV/AIDS (PLWHAs) must avoid to remain healthy and productive is_____
- (a) Regular contact with healthy people
 - (b) Self pity and self mediation
 - (c) Participation in profitable ventures
 - (d) Pursuit of academic studies
23. The national assembly, presidency and court which are interrelated and interdependent in our democracy constitute the ____
- (a) Tiers of government
 - (b) Types of democracy
 - (c) Forms of government
 - (d) Arms of government
24. A situation where most of the citizens fails to vote in elections could be described as political
- (a) Socialization
 - (b) Culture
 - (c) Apathy
 - (d) Legitimacy
25. The division of Nigeria into various constituencies with each electing a person to represent it in the National Assembly is a demonstration of ____
- (a) Checks and balances
 - (b) Popular participation
 - (c) Political rivalry among the constituents
 - (d) Drive towards secessions in the country
26. Political apathy often leads to ____
- (a) Low level of participation
 - (b) Good governance
 - (c) Political stability
 - (d) Low literacy level
27. The major implication of positive communal relationships is that it ____
- (a) Promotes solidarity and love
 - (b) Ensures obedience to constituted authority
 - (c) Encourages ethnic diversity
 - (d) Promotes rural urban drift
28. One major factor that attracts some Nigerians into human trafficking is _____
- (a) Over population related issues
 - (b) Influx of foreigners into the country
 - (c) Insatiable quest for quick wealth
 - (d) Influence of western and social media

29. One of the reasons most HIV/AIDS patients are reluctant to disclose their status is because of
- (a) The incurable nature of the ailment
 - (b) Fear of social stigmatization
 - (c) Lack of sufficient awareness
 - (d) Shortage of health counselors
30. Government as an institution of a state can best be defined as a body that
- [a] Conduct election for the state recruit and train political leaders
 - [b] Settle disputes and interprets laws for the state
 - [c] Legislates, executes and interpret laws for the state
 - [d] Recruit and train political leaders
31. Capitalism is a system of governance that lays emphasis on.....
- (a) Provost ownership of means of production
 - (b) Private ownership of means of production
 - (c) Public ownership of means of production
 - (d) Planned ownership of means of production
32. Diplomatic immunity is a limitation to
- [a] The theory of separation of power
 - [b] Principle of check and balance
 - [c] Parliamentary supremacy
 - [d] The rule of law
33. The system that allows private individuals and companies to own and control the means of production is known as
- [a] Socialism
 - [b] Fascism
 - [c] Capitalism
 - [d] Communism
34. Political education is a function of the
- (a) Street
 - (b) Country
 - (c) Political parties
 - (d) Private parties

35. National consciousness is a function of the

- (a) Alien
- (b) Foreigner
- (c) Citizen
- (d) Killer

36.is a form of political apathy.

- (a) Refusal to pay tax
- (b) Refusal to pay dues
- (c) Refusal to vote
- (d) Refusal to read

37. The worst of all poverty is.....

- (a) Financial poverty
- (b) Moral poverty
- (c) Intellectual poverty
- (d) Social poverty

38. Insurgency is a result of

- (a) Refusal of leader to protect the interest of their followers
- (b) High rate of foreign exchange
- (c) Increase in plane crash
- (d) Reduction in tax

39. Tourism centres can
- (a) Preserve our culture
 - (b) Can make us poor
 - (c) Can make us hate others
 - (d) Can compose our country
40. The true meaning of value is.....
- (a) High standard
 - (b) Low standard
 - (c) Fluctuating standard
 - (d) Pretence standard
41. Community service is important in the society to ensure.....
- (a) Provision of basic amenities
 - (b) Worst living of the people
 - (c) Bad environment
 - (d) Cultism in the society
42. Nationalism help improve
- (a) Unity
 - (b) Rivalry
 - (c) Intelligence
 - (d) Corruption
43. One of the goals of citizenship education is to
- (a) Teach right attitude
 - (b) Teach bad attitude
 - (c) Teach no attitude
 - (d) Teach disrespectfulness
44. Helping in the construction of motor able roads is an example of
- (a) Community fight
 - (b) Community decay
 - (c) Community service
 - (d) Community shame
45. Nationalism promotes.....
- (a) National crises
 - (b) National stealing
 - (c) National rigging

(d) National unity

46. Bring back our girls campaign is a form of

(a) Political involvement

(b) Political civilization

(c) Political harmony

(d) Political apathy

47. AlikoDankote, Femi Otedola, Wale Adenuga and Jim Ovia are examples of

(a) Capitalist

(b) Socialist

(c) Communist

(d) Communalist

48. The glorification of one ethnic group over another will lead to

(a) National disunity

(b) National isolation

(c) National disgrace

(d) National aberration

49. Corrupt leaders can be stopped by.....

(a) Refusal to vote for them

(b) Refusal to work for them

(c) Refusal to fend for them

(d) Refusal to imitate them

50. Membership of pressure groups is usually limited because they

- (a) Pursue specific and narrow objectives
- (b) Seek unlimited freedom for their members
- (c) Promote other peoples interest
- (d) Are not patriotic

PAPER 2

ATTEMPT ALL QUESTION

2hrs 30 min

All questions carry equal marks

SECTION A

NATIONAL ETHICS, DISCIPLINE, RIGHTS AND OBLIGATIONS

Answer at least one question from this section

1. (a) Highlight four nationalistic roles of individuals and groups. [4mks]
(b) State six local and world civic problems [6mks]
2. (a) State five roles of individuals in Universal Declaration of Human Rights (UDHR) [5mks]
(b) Mention five Limitations to the exercise of human rights[5mks]
3. (a) Define Nationalism [2mks]
(b) State four ways of promoting national consciousness, integrity and unity in the society [8mks]
4. (a) Define constituted authority[2mks]

(b) Mention four importance and roles of constituted authority [8mks]

5. (a) State five skills that promotes interpersonal relationships [5mks]

(b) Mention five the importance of inter communal relationship[5mks]

SECTION B

EMERGING ISSUES IN THE SOCIETY

Answer at least one question from this section

6. (a) Mention five consequences of human trafficking [5mks]

(b) Highlight six efforts of government and individuals in stooping human trafficking [5mks]

7. (a) State five ways we can stop stigmatization of people living with HIV/AIDS [5mks]

(b) Explain five symptoms and effects of HIV/AIDS [5mks]

8. (a) State five importance and benefits of youth Empowerment Skills[5mks]

(b) Highlight five efforts of government towards youth empowerment [5mks]

9. (a) State FOUR functions of National Drug Law Enforcement Agency[4mks]

(b) Explain four ways of preventing drug abuse [8mks]

SECTION C

GOVERNMENTAL SYSTEM AND PROCESSES

Answer at least one question from this section

10. (a) Highlight Five functions of the executive arm of government [5mks]
(b) State five importance of Government [5mks]
11. (a) Mention five problems of the rule of law [5mks]
(b) Explain five ways democracy and the rule of law promotes national development [5mks]
12. (a) Highlights five reasons why leaders fail to protect the interests of their followers [5mks]
(b) State five ways of discouraging political apathy [5mks]
13. (a) Mention five reasons for political participation [5mks]
(b) Mention five ways of achieving popular participation in the society [5mks]
14. (a) Define civil society [2mks]
(b) State four functions of civil society [5mks]
15. (a) Mention five reasons for the shortcomings in the public service [5mks]
(b) Mention five ways of improving the public service [5mks]